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Managing Dual Relationships in an Embedded Environment: An Ethical Perspective

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Air Force Lt Col Art Miller, Psy.D., A.B.P.P. commissioned in the US Air Force in 2003 after earning his graduate degree in Clinical Psychology from Pacific University in Oregon. After completing his Internship at Wright Patterson Air Force Base (AFB), he served as the Family Advocacy Officer at Pope AFB and then the Mental Health Officer in Charge (OIC) at Cannon AFB. In 2008, he went to the AF SERE School where he was the Chief of AF SERE Psychology and the Medical Flight Commander. He returned to Ft Bragg in 2013 as the Command Psychologist for the Air Force Special Operations Command (AFSOC) GSU and for the last four years he has served as the Joint Special Operations Command (JSOC) Deputy Command Psychologist. Lt Col Miller is the senior Operational Psychologist in the Air Force and the Director of the Air Force Operational Psychology Fellowship. He has multiple deployments in both clinical and operational roles to Afghanistan, Jordan, Qatar, and other locations.





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Learning Objectives

At the conclusion of this activity, participants will be able to:

- 1. Define and discuss the complexities of managing dual relationships in an embedded setting.
- 2. Describe a deliberate thought process when considering potential involvement in a dual relationship.
- 3. Summarize ethical reasoning when it comes to managing dual relationships.





What would you do?



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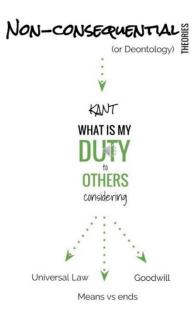
(Courtesy of Lt Col Miller)

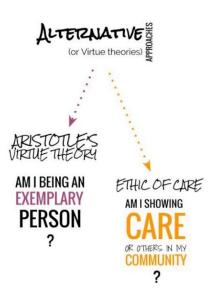




Let's talk about ethics



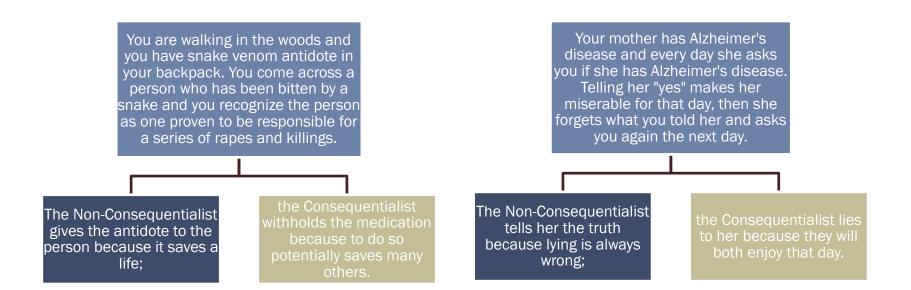








Consequentialist vs. Non- Consequentialist



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Let's go back to the boat...



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Useful Ethics

"Ethics codes cannot do our questioning, thinking, feeling, and responding for us. Such codes can never be a substitute for the active process by which the individual therapist or counselor struggles with the sometimes bewildering, always unique constellation of questions, responsibilities, contexts, and competing demands of helping another person... Clinicians confront an almost unimaginable diversity of situations, each with its own shifting questions, demands, and responsibilities... Ethics that are out of touch with the practical realities of clinical work, with the diversity and constantly changing nature of the therapeutic venture, are useless."

(Pope & Vasquez, 1998, xiii – xiv)





Aspirational Principals

Psychology Ethics Code (APA, 2017; 20 pages)

- General Principals... aspirational in nature:
 - Beneficence and Nonmaleficence: help people you work with and avoid harm
 - Fidelity and Responsibility: establish trust, understand professional and scientific responsibilities to society and communities in which they work.
 - Integrity: promote accuracy, honesty, and truthfulness in science, teaching and practice.
 - Justice: Psychologists recognize all persons should have access to and benefit from contributions of psychology. aware of biases, competence, and do not condone unjust practices.
 - Respect for People's rights: respect dignity and worth of all people





Common Ethical Issues Faced by Embedded Providers

- 1. Informed Consent
- 2. Competence
- 3. Confidentiality
- 4. <u>Dual/Multiple Relationships</u>
- 5. Conflicts Between Ethics, Law, Regulations, Governing Legal Authority and/or Organizational Demands





American Psychological Association (APA) guidance 3.05 Multiple Relationships

(a) A multiple relationship occurs when a psychologist is in a professional role with a person and (1) at the same time is in another role with the same person, (2) at the same time is in a relationship with a person closely associated with or related to the person with whom the psychologist has the professional relationship, or (3) promises to enter into another relationship in the future with the person or a person closely associated with or related to the person.





APA guidance continued

A psychologist refrains from entering into a multiple relationship if the multiple relationship could reasonably be expected to impair the psychologist's objectivity, competence, or effectiveness in performing his or her functions as a psychologist, or otherwise risks exploitation or harm to the person with whom the professional relationship exists.





APA guidance continued

- Multiple relationships that would not reasonably be expected to cause impairment or risk exploitation or harm are not unethical.
- (b) If a psychologist finds that, due to unforeseen factors, a
 potentially harmful multiple relationship has arisen, the
 psychologist takes reasonable steps to resolve it with due
 regard for the best interests of the affected person and
 maximal compliance with the Ethics Code.





Scenario #1



You have a close working relationship with your Sqd CC. He consults you almost daily and you have regular "running meetings" where you talk about a lot of things to include the stress of his position. After working together for 1 year, his wife files for divorce and takes their children. You begin to observe increasing depressive symptoms and your "running meetings" start to feel more like therapy.

What is the ethical issue?
What do you do?
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(Photos Courtesy of Lt Col Miller)





Is this an accurate statement?

• If it is not documented, it did not happen.





Let's get this out of the way...

• If it is not documented, it did not happen...

- Providers can lie.
- Providers can document but that does not mean it happened...or happened competently (questions at end of primary care manager [PCM] session, copy forward).
- Consulting, psycho-education, coaching happen all the time with impact but no documentation.







Scenario #2



You are an embedded behavioral health (BH) provider in a logistics squadron. You are working with a client who is reporting that he is unable to work in the warehouse because it is too "busy, chaotic, and activates his severe posttraumatic stress disorder (PTSD)" secondary to a deployment to BAF where he experienced IDF. One day while scrolling your Facebook (FB) feed you get notified of a person you may know, it is your client with pictures of his most recent trip to a professional football game and the week he spent at Disney World.



(Photos Courtesy of Lt Col Miller)





We know this, but still feels weird...

Survey of 332 clients -

- 70% reported finding personal information about therapist on the internet
- 87% of these individuals indicated they found the information intentionally
- 13% indicated they found it accidentally
 - o 78% found information on Google
 - 42% found information of Facebook
 - o 17% found information on LinkedIn
 - o 10% found information on a Blog
- 3% paid for increased access and 0.5% Hacked an account
- 67% returned to the page a few times, 45% returned frequently

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(Kolmes & Taube, 2013)





Key Takeaways

- Every provider will have to deal with dual relationships in their practice
 - Military shrinks our world and makes this more likely
 - Embedded work shrinks our world even more and makes it inevitable
- Dual relationships are not as easy to avoid as we may hope and...
 - You may not want to avoid every dual relationship.
- It is paramount that you understand your personal ethical boundaries
- It is also paramount that you understand your professional ethical obligations
- In an embedded role you must be willing to exist in the gray.





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Questions?





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- 3. Click on the REGISTER/TAKE COURSE tab.
 - a. If you have previously used the CEPO CMS, click login.
 - b. If you have not previously used the CEPO CMS click register to create a new account.
- 4. Follow the onscreen prompts to complete the post-activity assessments:
 - a. Read the Accreditation Statement
 - b. Complete the Evaluation
 - c. Take the Posttest
- 5. After completing the posttest at 80% or above, your certificate will be available for print or download.
- 6. You can return to the site at any time in the future to print your certificate and transcripts at: https://www.dhaj7-cepo.com/
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